Appln. No.: 09/943,687 MGP-104US

Amendment Dated February 3, 2004 Reply to Office Action of October 3, 2003

Remarks/Arguments:

The invention relates to pharmaceutical compositions containing cyclosporine as the active ingredient. More specifically, the invention relates to orally administered pharmaceutical compositions comprising cyclosporine, ethanol, polyoxyethylene glycerol trioleate, and an oil component. The invention also relates to a method of preparing an orally administered pharmaceutical composition comprising the steps of: (1) dissolving cyclosporine in ethanol to form a solution; (2) combining polyoxyethylene glycerol trioleate and an oil component with the solution to form a mixture; and (3) diluting the mixture with an aqueous media to allow formation of a spontaneous emulsion.

Claims 1-30 are pending in this application. The Office Action rejects claims 1-30 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cho *et al.* (U.S. Patent No. 5,962,019) in view of Li *et al.* (*S.T.P. Pharma Sciences*, Vol. 10 (4), 2000) and Kovacs *et al.* (U.S. Patent No. 5,583,105). For a reference to qualify as prior art under § 103, it must also meet the requirements under § 102. For example, the reference must have a publication date more than one year prior to the filing date of the application to qualify as prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b), and the reference must not describe the applicant's own work to qualify as prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a). Because the Li *et al.* reference was publicly available less than one year before applicants' filing date and the Li *et al.* reference describes applicants' own work, the Li *et al.* reference is not prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

According to M.P.E.P. § 2128.03, a journal article or other publication becomes available as prior art on the date it is received by a member of the general public. A publication disseminated by mail is not prior art until it is received by at least one member of the public. Thus, a magazine or technical journal is effective as of its date of publication (date when first person receives it) not the date it was mailed or sent to the publisher. *In re Schlittler*, 234 F.2d 882, 110 USPQ 304 (CCPA 1956).

The Li *et al.* reference is a publication appearing in *S.T.P. Pharma Sciences*, Vol. 10 (4), 2000. *S.T.P. Pharma Sciences*, which is published six times a year. The Li *et al.* reference was published in the 4th issue of the year 2000. To the best of our knowledge, after discussions with the inventors and the publisher, the first date that the 4th issue of Vol. 10 *of S.T.P. Pharma Sciences* was made available to the public was **September 8, 2000**, as